### RAJARSHI SHAHU MAHAVIDYALAYA, (AUTONOMOUS)

**LATUR - 413512** 

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY**



#### **Syllabus**

B.Sc. (Second Year) Analytical Chemistry CBCS Pattern

(III & IV Semester)

With Effect From 2018-2019

#### Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur B.Sc. II Year Analytical Chemistry Course Structure, Semester-III (w.e.f.2018-19)

Pap	Course	COURSE	Periods	Total	Mark	Credit
er	Code		/	Period	S	S
			Week	S		
V	U-ANC-355	Inorganic and Organic Analysis- V	03	45	50	02
VI	U-ANC-356	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis-VI	03	45	50	02
III	U-ANC-357	Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – III	03	45	50	02
IV	U-ANC-358	Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – IV	03	45	50	02
	SECAC-I	Glass, Pharmaceutical and Forensic Analysis	03	45	50	02
			Total		250	10

#### B.Sc. II Year Analytical Chemistry Course Structure, Semester-IV (w.e.f.2018-19)

Paper	Course Code	COURSE	Periods/ Week	Total Periods	Marks	Credits
VII	U-ANC- 455	Analysis of Industrial Products and Quality Concepts-VII	03	45	50	02
VIII	U-ANC- 456	Radiochemical, Thermal, Optical and Chromatographic Methods-VIII	03	45	50	02
V	U-ANC- 457	Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course –V	03	45	50	02
VI	U-ANC- 458	Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – VI	03	45	50	02
	SECAC-II	Food Processing, Preservation and Adulteration	03	45	50	02
			Total		250	10

#### **Faculty of Science**

B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - III (w.e.f.2018-19)

Analytical Chemistry; Paper - V "Inorganic and Organic Analysis" Paper Code: U-ANC-355

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50 03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

- 1.To understand the various Inorganic and Organic Analysis techniques.
- 2. To familiarize the students with Inorganic salt, plant, elemental & metallurgical Analysis

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Inorganic and Organic analysis techniques are inculcated in students
- 2.Students acquired sound knowledge regarding inorganic salt, plant, elemental and metallurgical analysis.

#### **Unit – I Inorganic Salt Analysis:**

15 Periods

1.1 Chemical analysis, types of Qualitative inorganic analysis. Classification of anions & cations into groups. Group reagents & reactions for cations only. Role of complexation in identification of cations.

**Spot - Test Analysis:** Definition, Advantages, and spot test procedures.

1.2 Plant/Medicinal Plant Analysis:.Sampling, processing and storage of plant samples. Analytical methods of plants: Sample ashing – Digestion procedures – Dry Ashing, Dry ashing with magnesium nitrate. Wet Digestion – Diacid, Triacid Diagestion, Digestion with  $H_2SO_4+H_2O_2$  &  $HNO_3$  – Microwave, Estimation of N, P, K & S

#### **Unit -II Semi-micro Determination of Elements in the Organic Compounds:**

12 Periods

- 2.1 Semi micro determination of Carbon, Hydrogen, Sulphur, Nitrogen and Halogens in the Organic Compounds.
- 2.2 Functional Group Analysis: Estimation of the following functional groups in the organic Compounds: Hydroxy ( phenolic only), carbonyl, ester, Nitro, Amino and Carboxylic acid.

#### **Unit - III Metallurgical Analysis:**

08 Periods

3.1 Estimation of main constituents in the following ores- Haematite, Pyrolusite, Bauxite and Lime stone.

#### **Unit - IV Analysis of Metals and Alloys:**

10 Periods

- 4.1 Analysis of Copper, Aluminum metals for their percentage purity.
- 4.2 Composition and analysis of following alloys- Brass and Solder.

#### Rajarshi, Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Faculty of Science B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - III (w.e.f.2018-19) Analytical Chemistry; Paper - VI "Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis" Paper Code – U-ANC-356

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50
03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

- 1. Introduce the students to instrumental methods of Chemical Analysis.
- 2. Understand spectroscopic methods namely visible, AAS & FES and Electron Microscopic methods SEM, TEM & AFM.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students become familiar with instrumental methods of Chemical analysis such as visible, atomic absorption and flame emission spectroscopic techniques and with microscopic methods such as SEM, TEM and AFM.

#### **Unit - I Spectroscopic Methods - Visible Spectroscopy :**

15 Periods

1.1 **Basic Concepts in Spectroscopy**: Definition, Electromagnetic Radiation-introduction, Properties of electromagnetic radiation: Wave properties –Wavelength, Frequency, Wave number, Velocity, Relation between frequency, velocity and wavenumber. Particle properties-Relation between wavelength and particle properties of electromagnetic radiation. Electromagnetic spectrum. Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter-process of emission, absorption and fluorescence of radiation.

**Visible spectrophotometry and colorimetry**–Difference between photometer, spectrophotometer and colorimeter. Theory of visible spectrophotometry and colorimety, Lambert Beer's law, nature of molar absorptivity and absorbance, deviations from Beer's law. Instrumentation of spectrophotometer: radiation sources, filters and monochromators, slits, cells and detection of radiation. Direct reading double beam recording spectrophotometer- schematic diagram and working, Difference between Colorimeter & spectrophotometer.

1.2 Applications: Quantitative analysis-calibration curve showing relationship between absorbance and concentration.

#### **Unit -II Spectroscopic Methods (AAS & FES)**

18 Periods

#### 2.1 Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (AAS):

Introduction, principle, Instrumentation: Radiation source-Hollow cathode lamp, chopper, flame atomizer, nebulisations of liquid sample, monochromators, detectors, amplifier and readout system; schematic diagram and working of single beam atomic absorption spectrophotometer, interferences, typical analysis, applications.

#### 2.2 Flame Emission Spectroscopy (FES) :

Introduction: Difference between Original flame photometry and the present flame emission methods. Limitations of flame photometry. General principle of flame photometry, Instrumentation: burners, mirrors, slits, monochromators, filters and detectors, schematic diagram and working of first type- simple modified flame spectrophotometer and applications of flame photometry.

#### **Unit - III Electron Microscopy:**

07 Periods

3.1 SEM & its application, Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM): Instrumentation, General Design, Resolution, Electron Sources, TEM grids, electron lenses, Applications.

#### Unit - IV Atomic Force Microscope (AFM):

05 Periods

4.1 Introduction, Instrumentation and Applications.

#### Rajarshi, Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Faculty of Science B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - III Analytical Chemistry

"Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – III" Paper Code – U-ANC-357 (W.e.f.2018-19)

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50
03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

To familiarize the students with analysis of organic compounds, ores, metals, & alloys.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students are able to analyse organic compounds such as ores, metals and alloys.

**Note**: Out of 15 experiments, at least 08 experiments should be completed.

- 1) Estimation of Iron in haematite ore volumetrically.
- 2) Estimation of Manganese in Pyrolusite ore.
- 3) Estimation of calcium in Lime stone volumetrically.
- 4) Determination of percentage purity of aluminum metal.
- 5) Determination of percentage purity of copper metal.
- 6) Determination of Nickel in stainless steel by gravimetric method.
- 7) Determination of percentage purity of silver metal.
- 8) Determination of Copper in Brass.
- 9) Determination of Nickel in German silver.
- 10) Estimation of sulphur in the organic compound by semi-micro method.
- 11) Estimation of phenolic hydroxy group in the organic compound.
- 12) Estimation of ester group in the organic compound.
- 13) Determination of Density of Cu/Al/Zn/Ag/Ni metal powder using density bottle.
- 14) Determination of halogen in the organic compound.
- 15) Estimation of aluminium in bauxite gravimetrically.

# Rajarshi, Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Faculty of Science B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - III Analytical Chemistry "Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – IV" Paper Code – U-ANC-358 (W.e.f. 2018-19)

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50 03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

To familiarize the students with various instrumental analysis techniques.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students can handle the instruments independently for requisite analysis.

**Note**: Out of 15 experiments, at least 8 experiments should be completed.

- 1) Analysis of permanganate and dichromate mixture.
- 2) Determination of pKa value of acid base indicator.
- 3) Determination of molar extinction coefficient of potassium permanganate

#### Potassium

dichromate.

4) Determination of stability constant of iron-orthophenanthroline complex by moleratio

method calorimetrically.

- 5) Determination of formula of ferric sulpho-salicylic acid complex colorimetrically by Job's method.
- 6) Photometric titration of copper by EDTA.
- 7) Colorimetric estimation of Iron by Ortho Phenanthroline.
- 8) Determination of fluoride in a given solution / tooth paste by Zirconyl-Alizarin red method colorimetrically.
- 9) Colorimetric estimation of titanium in the given solution by hydrogen peroxide.
- 10) Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt by conductance measurement.
- 11) Assay of boric acid by conductometry.
- 12) Estimation of the amount of hydrochloric acid and oxalic acid in the given mixture by

conductometry.

- 13) Determination of amount of vitamin B-12 in given sample by fluorometry.
- 14) Determination of calcium in dolomite by flame photometer.
- 15) Estimation of Na/ K by flame photometer in a solution/ sample by flame photometer.

#### Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya (Autonomous), Latur Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Course Structure B.Sc. Second Year (Semester-III) Analytical Chemistry

Credit:02 Marks:50

#### Skill Enhancement Course-I (SECAC- I)

#### Glass, Pharmaceutical and Forensic Analysis

#### **Learning Objective:**

- 1. Students will become familiar with manufacturing and glass analysis.
- 2. Students will understand concept underlying pharma and forensic analysis.

#### **Course Outcome:**

1. Students acquired knowledge regarding manufacturing of glass, pharma and forensic analysis.

#### **Unit I: Glass Analysis**

#### periods

- A) Glass, Glassy State and its Properties, Classification (silicate and non silicate glasses)
- B) Raw Materials, Manufacturing and processing of Glass
- C) Composition and properties of following types of glasses:- sodalime glass, lead glass, armoured glass, safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate glass, coloured glass, Photosensitive glass, Analysis of Soda lime & Lead glass.

#### **Unit II: Phramaceutical Analysis**

periods

- A) Production and Analysis of i) Ethyl Alcohol and Citric acid
- ii) Antibiotics: Penicillin, cephalosporin, Chloromycetin and Steprtomycetin

#### **Unit III: Forensic Analysis**

periods

- **A) Determination of alcohol in body fluids**: Legal background, Sampling and sample preservation, analysis–GC, IR, enzymatic and other methods.
- **B)** Fingerprint analysis: Latent fingerprints; Optical, Physical, Fingerprints in blood, Fingerprint detection sequences.

#### Skill Enhancement Laboratory Course-I (SELAC-I)

#### **Learning Objective:**

To know the lab methods like flurimetry ,colorimetry,and titrimetric methods.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students will handle the different instruments like flurimetry ,colorimetry,and titrimetric methods

- 1) Determination of Vitamin B2 by Fluorimetry.
- 2) Estimation of Vitamin C from lemon squash by colorimetry.
- 3) Determination of Vitamin A by Car price method.
- 4) Synthesis of aspirin and its Analysis.
- 5) Analysis of paracetamol as per IP with respect to identification, ash and assay.
- 6) Determination of milk of magnesia from given antacid tablet.
- 7) Synthesis of benzocaine.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) 'Forensic Chemistry' by Suzanne Bell, Pearson Prentice Hall Publishers, 2006
- 2) Encyclopaedia of Analytical Chemistry, Volume 3, Academic Press, 1995
- 3) Experiments in Chemistry, D.V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya Publication House
- 4) Laboratory Mannual of Organic Chemistry, R.K. Bansal, New Age International Publisher
- 5) Industrial Chemistry, M.G. Arora, M. Singh, Anmol Puplication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 6) Introduction to Ceramics, Kingery, W.D., Bowen H.K. and Uhlmann, D.R., Wiley Publisher, New Delhi
- 7) Medicinal & Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Hakishan V.K. Kapoor, Vallabh Prakashan, Pitampura, New Delhi

#### **Faculty of Science**

B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - IV (w.e.f.2018-19)
Analytical Chemistry; Paper - VII
"Analysis of Industrial Products and Quality Concepts"
Paper Code – U-ANC-455

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50 03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

- 1. Familiarise the students with industrial product analysis and clear the concept QA & QC
- 2. Study the analysis of oils & fats, cement, fartilisers and pesticides

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Students get acquainted with industrial product analysis and QA and QC.
- 2. They can analyze oils, fats, cement, fertilizers and pesticides

#### Unit - I Principles and Methods of Analysis of Saponifiable Oils and Fats: 13 Periods

1.1 Definition, Classification, Nomenclature & Fatty acid composition of oils and fats. Analysis by physical and chemical methods- Density, Specific gravity, colour, smoke point, acid value, peroxide value, iodine value, Saponification value and shelf stability value. Determination and significance of these aspects in quality control.

#### **Unit - II Analysis of Cement:**

10 Periods

2.1 Definition, types of cements, raw materials, manufacturing processes in brief. Composition and analysis of Portland cement.

#### **Unit - III Analysis of Fertilisers and Pesticides:**

12 Periods

- 3.1 Fertilisers: Definition, Classification, Characteristics of a good fertiliser. Analysis of Nitrogenous, Phosphatic and Potash fertilisers.
- 3.2 Pesticides: Definition, Classification, Characteristics of a good pesticide. Analysis of DDT and Malathion .

#### Unit - IV Introduction to Quality Assurance and Quality Control: 10 Periods

- 4.1 Quality and objectives of Analytical Chemistry.
- 4.2 Definitions of the terms: Quality policy, Quality Management, Quality system, Quality Control, Quality Assurance and Quality. General considerations, quality assurance and quality control spiral, Basic Steps, parameters influencing the quality spiral and tools.
- 4.3 Validation of the Method: Validation of instrument, Validation of analytical method.

#### **Faculty of Science**

B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - IV (w.e.f.2018-19)
Analytical Chemistry; Paper - VIII
"Radio Chemical, Thermal, Optical & Chromatographic Methods"
Paper Code - U-ANC-456

Periods: 45/semester Marks: 50
03 per week Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

- 1. Introduce the students to radio chemical, thermal & optical methods.
- 2. Study separation techniques and introduce chromatographic separation techniques.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students got thorough knowledge regarding Radio Chemical, Thermal, Optical & Chromatographic Methods.

#### Unit - I Radiochemical Methods:

09 Periods

1.1 Introduction to nuclear radiations, detection and measurement of nuclear radiations by Gieger Muller(G.M.)Counter and scintillation counters. Tracer technique, Isotope dilution analysis and Neutron activation analysis.

#### Unit -II Thermal Methods of Analysis:

12 Periods

- 2.1 Thermo gravimetry (TG): Theory, instrumentation and applications. Thermometric titrations.
- 2.2 Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA): Theory, instrumentation and applications.

#### **Unit - III Optical Methods:**

08 Periods

3.1 Theory, Experimental techniques of measurement and application of each of the following properties in Chemical analysis: (i) Refractive Index (ii) Optical Activity.

#### **Unit - IV Chromatographic Techniques -1:**

16 Periods

- 4.1 Gas Chromatography (GC): Introduction, Types of Gas Chromatography: Gas Liquid Chromatography (GLC), Gas Solid Chromatography (GSC), Principle of Gas Solid Chromatography (GSC).
- 4.2 Gas liquid Chromatography (GLC): Principle, instrumentation and Applications.
- 4.3 High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent Delivery System, pumping systems, sample injection systems, columns, Detectors, Recorder, Mobile phases, column efficiency and Applications.

#### **Faculty of Science**

B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester – IV (w.e.f.2018-19) "Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course – V" Paper Code – U-ANC-457

Periods: 45 per semester 03 per week
Marks: 50 Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

To familiarize the students with analysis of paints, oils & fats, cement, fertilizer & disinfectants.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Practical experiences regarding industrial product analysis are inculcated in the students

**Note**: Out of 16 experiments, at least 08 experiments should be completed.

- 1) Estimation of phosphorus in a phosphatic fertiliser sample.
- 2) Estimation of potassium ion in a potash fertiliser sample.
- 3) Determination of acid value of an oil sample.
- 4) Determination of saponification value of an oil sample.
- 5) Preparation and standardisation of acetic acid from the data of specific gravity and percentage by weight.
- 6) Determination of Iodine value of an oil sample.
- 7) Separation and determination of total pigment in a paint sample.
- 8) Determination of specific gravity of an oil sample.
- 9) Determination of loss on ignition of Portland cement.
- 10) Estimation of combined oxides of Fe and Al in a cement sample.
- 11) Determination of nitrogen in urea.
- 12) Determination of percentage of phenol in household disinfectant (e.g. black phenyl)
- 13) Estimation of SiO<sub>2</sub> in the given sample of Portland cement.
- 14) Estimation CaO in the given sample of Portland cement by gravimetric method.
- 15) Determination of total nitrogen in a fertiliser sample.
- 16) Determination of copper in given commercial fungicide sample.

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# Rajarshi, Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Faculty of Science B.Sc. II (Second) Year; Semester - IV Analytical Chemistry "Analytical Chemistry Laboratory Course - VI" Paper Code - U-ANC-458 (w.e.f. 2018-19)

Periods: 45 per semester 03 per week Marks: 50 Credits: 02

#### **Learning Objective:**

To practice instrumental analysis involving, potentiometer, polarimeter, turbidometer, colorimeter & refractometer.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students can handle the electrochemical, optical instruments and chromatographic techniques.

**Note**: Out of 12 experiments, at least 8 experiments should be completed.

- 1. Separation of amino acids using paper chromatography.
- 2. Determination of pKa values of phosphoric acid by potentiometer.
- 3. Estimation of chloride and iodide in the given mixture by potentiometry.
- 4. Determination of the concentration of an optically active compound in the given unknown solution by polarimetry.
- 5. Turbidimetric determination of traces of chloride/sulphate.
- 6. Colorimetric estimation of proteins by biuret method.
- 7. Determination of refractive index of a given organic liquid by Abbe's Refretometer. 08) Titration of phosphate mixture by potentiometry.
- 8. Determination of percentage purity of an optically active compound by polarimetry.
- 9. Estimation of boric acid by potentiometry.
- 10. Estimation of amino acids by colorimetry.
- 11. To study the variation of refractive index with composition of a mixture of CCl<sub>4</sub> and ethyl acetate.
- 12. Separation of components of a mixture by TLC.

## References for theory Papers V, VI, VII & VIII and Laboratory Courses III, IV, V & VI: (W.e.f. 2018-19)

- 1. Text book of micro and semi micro qualitative inorganic analysis by A.I. Vogel.
- 2. Spot tests in inorganic analysis- Feigl.
- 3. Text book of quantitative inorganic analysis by A.I. Vogel (3<sup>rd</sup> edition).
- 4. Principles of Instrumental Analysis by DA Skoog, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 5. Principles and methods of chemical analysis of H.F. Walton.
- 6. Quantitative chemical analysis by Cumming and Key.
- 7. Tex book of practical organic chemistry by A.I. Vogel.
- 8. Practical organic chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
- 9. Semi-micro quantitative organic analysis by R. Belcher and A.L. Godbert.
- 10. Elementary practical organic chemistry by A.I. Vogel.
- 11. Quantitative organic analysis by Sidney Siggia 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 12. Standard methods of chemical analysis by Welcher.
- 13. Fundamentals of analytical chemistry by D.A. Skoog D.M West & F.J. Holler (7th Ed.)
- 14. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis by Willard HH, Merritt Jr. LL, Dean JA, Settle Jr. FA.
- 15. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis by GW Ewing.
- 16. Quantitative analysis Laboratory manual by Day and Underwood.
- 17. Chemical separation methods by S.K. Dean.
- 18. Instrumental methods of analysis by S.K. Sharma.
- 19.Instrumental methods of analysis by Chatwal and Anand (First Edition & Reprint 2008).
- 20. Introduction to instrumental Analysis by R.D. Braun.
- 21. An introduction to Metallurgical Analysis by S.K. Jain.
- 22. College analytical chemistry by Baliga and Shetty.
- 23. Basic principles in analytical chemistry by Raghuvaran Prabhu, Prabhu and Sathe, Sheth

#### publication.

- 24. Experiments in Chemistry by Dr. D.V. Jahagirdar.
- 25. Systematic experimental physical chemistry by Dr. Chondhekar T.K. and S.W. Rajbhoj.
- 26. Advanced practical inorganic chemistry by Gurdeep Raj.
- 27. Practical physical chemistry by J.B. Yadav.
- 28. Analytical chemistry by R.M. Verma.
- 29. Commercial methods of analysis by Foster DSnell and F.M. Biffen.
- 30. Methods in Modern Biophysics-Bengt Nolting, Springer International Edition,

Springer, 2010, (India) Private Limited, New Delhi (2004) [For Paper VI, Unit III & IV, Electron Microscopy & STEM].

- 31. Biophysics-G.R. Chatwal, Edited by Madhu Arora, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, First Edition, 2005. [For Paper VI, Unit III & IV].
- 32. Elements of Analytical Chemistry-R.Gopalan, P.S. Subramanian, K.Rengrajan, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2007.
- 33. Analytical Chemistry Principles, John H. Kennedy,  $2^{nd}$  Edition, Saunders College Publishing, New York .
- 34. Analytical Chemistry-Theory and Practice UN Dash, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2005.
- 35. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis-H.Kaur.
- 36. Quantitative Analysis-R.A Day and A.L Underwood.
- 37. Chromatography- Dr. Brown.
- 38. Analytical Chemistry by R.Kellner, J.M. Mermet, M. Otto, H.M. Widmer Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH, D-69469, Weinheim (Federal Republic of Germany) 1998. [For Paper VII, Unit IV, Quality Assurance and Quality Control].
- 39. Progressive Inorganic Chemistry Suratkar, Thatte And Pandit. .
- 40. Soil, Plant, Water and Fertilizer Analysis –P.K.Gupta, Second Edition, Agrobios (India) Publishers, Jodhpur 2013 [for paper V, Unit 1 Plant Analysis]

Prepared By,

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#### Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya (Autonomous), Latur Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Course Structure B.Sc. Second Year (Semester-IV) Analytical Chemistry

Credit:02 Marks:50

#### Skill Enhancement Course-II (SECAC- II)

#### Food Processing, Preservation and Adulteration

#### **Learning Objective:**

To familiarize the students with food processing, food preservation and Adulteration

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students got thorough knowledge regarding food processing, food preservation and Adulteration

#### **Unit I- Food Processing:**

- 1.1) Introduction, common food processing techniques: mincing, macerating, cooking, baking, boiling blanching, double steaming, frying, roasting.
- 1.2) Food processing an Indian prospective : Policy initiatives, Opportunities, Indian food Processing industry, Research methodology, Analysis methods.

#### **Unit II- Food Preservation:**

- 1.3) Basic principles of food preservation- drying, canning, pickling, smoking, packing.
- 1.4) Food preserving through Irradiation: Food irradiation, Radurization, Radicidation, Radappertization. Technologies: electron beam irradiation, Gamma radiation, x-ray radiation
- 1.5) Modern methods of food Preservation : Freeze drying, sodium benzoate , mechanism offood preservation, saccharin, saccharin and cancer.
- 1.6) Use of following compounds as preservatives: i) Phenylphenol ii) Benzethonium chloride iii) Calcium benzoate iv) Sodium benzoate v) Calcium tartarate vi) Salt & Sugar

#### **Unit III Food adulteration:**

1.7) Detection of common food adulterants in : Spices, grains, oils, milk and milk products, food colors, tea, coffee.

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#### Skill Enhancement Laboratory Course-II (SELAC-II)

#### **Learning Objective:**

To understand the common adulterants in food samples and isolation of pigments

#### **Course Outcome:**

Students will estimate common adulterants in food samples and isolation of pigments like tannin, caffeine

- 1) Determination of Calcium in milk powder by Patton and readers reagent
- 2) Estimation of common adulterants in food samples (such as adulterants in chilly, turmeric powder, etc)
- 3) Determination of phosphoric acid in cola beverages by pH metry
- 4) Determination of acid content in commercial pickle sample
- 5) Determination of moisture content in given food sample by karl fischer titration method
- 6) Isolation of tannin from tea leaves
- 7) Isolation of caffeine from coffee beans

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1) Food Preservation ---M.K.Singh (discovery publishing house Daryagang, New delhi)
- 2) Food Science ----Shalini Pathak (Sonali Publications, Daryagang, New delhi)
- 3) Food Processing --- M.K.Singh (discovery publishing house Daryagang ,New delhi )
- 4) Hand book of analysis and quality control for fruit and vegetable products :
- S.Ranganna II edition
- 5) Milk and milk products ---- S.Mahindra –APH Publishing house Daryagang ,New delhi
- 6) Food Microbiology -----W.C.Frazier/D.C.Westhoff –Tata mcgraw hill
- 7) Food Chemistry -----Shalini Saxena --Raga publication Daryagang ,New delhi
- 8) Rapid detection of food adulterants and contaminants ----Shyam Zha
- 9) Handbook of adulteration and safety --- Sumeet Malik